UNITED STATES CONSUMER PRICE INDEX — ALL ITEMS
1967 = 100

Year	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Annual Average	% Change from Prior Year
1967	98.6	98.7	98.9	99.1	99.4	99.7	100.2	100.5	100.7	101.0	101.3	101.6	100.0	2.8
1968	102.0	102.3	102.8	103.1	103.4	104.0	104.5	104.8	105.1	105.7	106.1	106.4	104.2	4.2
1969	106.7	107.1	108.0	108.7	109.0	109.7	110.2	110.7	111.2	111.6	112.2	112.9	109.8	5.4
1970	113.3	113.9	114.5	115.2	115.7	116.3	116.7	116.9	117.5	118.1	118.5	119.1	116.3	6.0
1971	119.2	119.4	119.8	120.2	120.8	121.5	121.8	122.1	122.2	122.4	122.6	123.1	121.3	4.3
1972	123.2	123.8	124.0	124.3	124.7	125.0	125.5	125.7	126.2	126.6	126.9	127.3	125.3	3.3
1973	127.7	128.6	129.8	130.7	131.5	132.4	132.7	135.1	135.5	136.6	137.6	138.5	133.1	6.2
1974	139.7	141.5	143.1	143.9	145.5	146.9	148.0	149.9	151.7	153.0	154.3	155.4	147.7	11.0
1975	156.1	157.2	157.8	158.6	159.3	160.6	162.3	162.8	163.6	164.6	165.6	166.3	161.2	9.1
1976	166.7	167.1	167.5	168.2	169.2	170.1	171.1	171.9	172.6	173.3	173.8	174.3	170.5	5.8
1977	175.3	177.1	178.2	179.6	180.6	181.8	182.6	183.3	184.0	184.5	185.4	186.1	181.5	6.5
1978	186.9	188.3	189.8	191.3	193.2	195.1								
-U	187.2	188.4	189.8	191.5	193.3	195.3	196.7	197.8	199.3	200.9	202.0	202.9	195.4	7.7
-W	187.1	188.4	189.7	191.4	193.3	195.3	196.7	197.7	199.1	200.7	201.8	202.9	195.3	7.6
1979-U	204.7	207.1	209.1	211.5	214.1	216.6	218.9	221.1	223.4	225.4	227.5	229.9	217.4	11.3
-W	204.7	207.1	209.3	211.8	214.3	216.9	219.4	221.5	223.7	225.6	227.6	230.0	217.7	11.5
1980-U	233.2	236.4	239.8	242.5	244.9	247.6	247.8	249.4	251.7	253.9	256.2	258.4	246.8	13.5
-W	233.3	236.5	239.9	242.6	245.1	247.8	248.0	249.6	251.9	254.1	256.4	258.7	247.0	13.5
1981-U	260.5	263.2	265.1	266.8	269.0	271.3	274.4	276.5	279.3	279.9	280.7	281.5	272.4	10.4
-W	260.7	263.5	265.2	266.8	269.1	271.4	274.6	276.5	279.1	279.7	280.4	281.1	272.3	10.2
1982-U	282.5	283.4	283.1	284.3	287.1	290.6	292.2	292.8	293.3	294.1	293.6	292.4	289.1	6.1
-W	282.1	282.9	282.5	283.7	286.5	290.1	291.8	292.4	292.8	293.6	293.2	292.0	288.6	6.0
1983-U	293.1	293.2	293.4	295.5	297.1	298.1	299.3	300.3	301.8	302.6	303.1	303.5	298.4	3.2
-W	292.1	292.3	293.0	294.9	296.3	297.2	298.2	299.5	300.8	301.3	301.4	301.5	297.4	3.0
1984-U	305.2	306.6	307.3	308.8	309.7	310.7	311.7	313.0	314.5	315.3	315.3	315.5	311.1	4.3
-W	302.7	303.3	303.3	304.1	305.4	306.2	307.5	310.3	312.1	312.2	311.9	312.2	307.6	3.4
1985-U	316.1	317.4	318.8	320.1	321.3	322.3	322.8	323.5	324.5	325.5	326.6	327.4	322.2	3.6
-W	312.6	313.5	315.3	316.7	317.8	318.7	319.1	319.6	320.5	321.3	322.6	323.4	318.4	3.5
1986-U	328.4	327.5	326.0											
-W	324.3	323.2	321.4											

-U = CPI for all urban consumers.
-W = CPI for urban wage earners and clerical workers.
Source: Prepared by the Utah Department of Employment Security from tabulations published by Bureau of Labor Statistics, United States Department of Labor.

ACCRA* COMPOSITE COST-OF-LIVING COMPARISONS FOR SELECTED METROPOLITAN AREAS

FOURTH QUARTER 1985

Component Index Weights:	100%	17%	22%	11%	13%	7%	30%
City	All Items	Groceries	Housing	Utilities	Transportation	Health Care	Miscellaneous
U.S. Average	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Salt Lake City, Utah	**101.2**	**103.0**	**97.4**	**92.9**	**102.3**	**92.1**	**107.7**
Provo, Utah	**89.4**	**99.3**	**76.0**	**71.4**	**100.5**	**89.3**	**95.4**
Western States							
Phoenix, Arizona	107.5	99.6	114.6	101.7	108.2	119.3	105.7
Los Angeles, California	113.9	95.3	154.9	63.7	95.1	137.3	115.4
San Diego, California	116.5	97.8	164.5	81.8	108.1	140.5	102.7
Denver, Colorado	108.9	110.3	134.5	73.9	112.9	107.3	100.9
Boise, Idaho	98.0	97.3	94.3	74.2	97.1	116.7	105.9
Billings, Montana	106.1	106.8	119.2	81.2	99.6	116.9	105.5
Reno-Sparks, Nevada	109.1	100.4	122.9	102.1	109.2	112.5	105.7
Albuquerque, New Mexico	103.3	109.4	113.6	78.7	103.5	109.8	99.6
Tacoma, Washington	108.8	108.9	108.1	64.1	100.3	180.1	112.5
Casper, Wyoming	98.8	97.1	88.6	93.6	97.0	113.6	106.5
Other Areas							
Atlanta, Georgia	107.7	97.9	119.2	129.0	101.0	101.8	101.3
Indianapolis, Indiana	98.6	99.7	96.9	95.7	109.7	97.9	95.5
St. Louis, Missouri	97.2	95.1	96.1	95.1	102.5	99.0	97.2
New York, New York	142.5	107.7	190.7	195.7	119.1	159.7	113.4
Houston, Texas	103.8	106.5	86.2	118.9	106.8	106.8	107.7
Highest City	139.4 Anchorage, AK	138.9 Anchorage, AK	190.7 New York, NY	195.7 New York, NY	144.0 Washington, DC	180.1 Tacoma, WA	130.2 Anchorage, AK
Lowest City	86.7 McMinnville, TN	83.9 Mason City, IA	69.3 McMinnville, TN	51.7 Seattle, WA	81.3 Somerset, KY	70.5 Paris, TN	86.7 Canton, OH

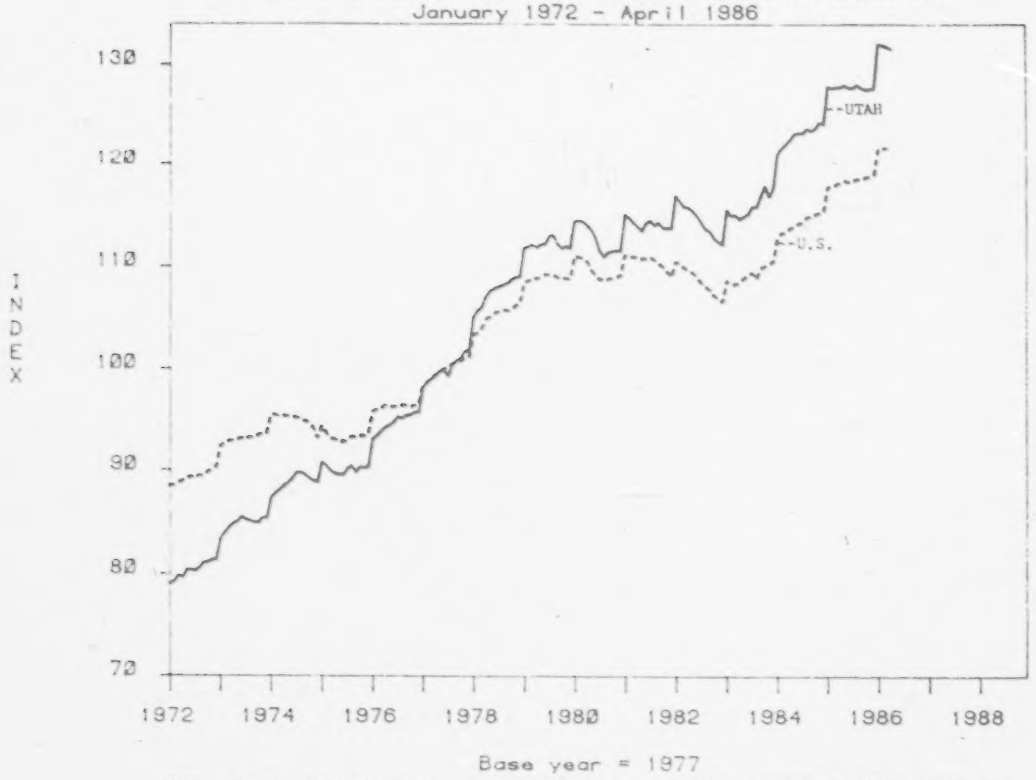
Note: These indexes give a "reasonably accurate" measurement of intercity cost-of-living differencs. They measure relative price levels in participating cities, as compared with the national average of 100, and are a comparison of prices at a single point in time. They do not measure inflation (price changes through time). Percentage differences between cities should not be considered as exact measures. Spreads of three or fewer index whole numbers in the All Items index do not represent statistically significant differences and may not show which city is more expensive. Differences of more than three whole numbers in the All Items index can be considered to represent actual inter-city differences in costs of consumer goods and services; but the differences should be considered a reasonable indication rather than a precise measure of the extent of difference.

Source: *American Chamber of Commerce Researchers Association.

NON-FARM JOB INDEX AND EMPLOYMENT RATIO

UTAH, U.S.

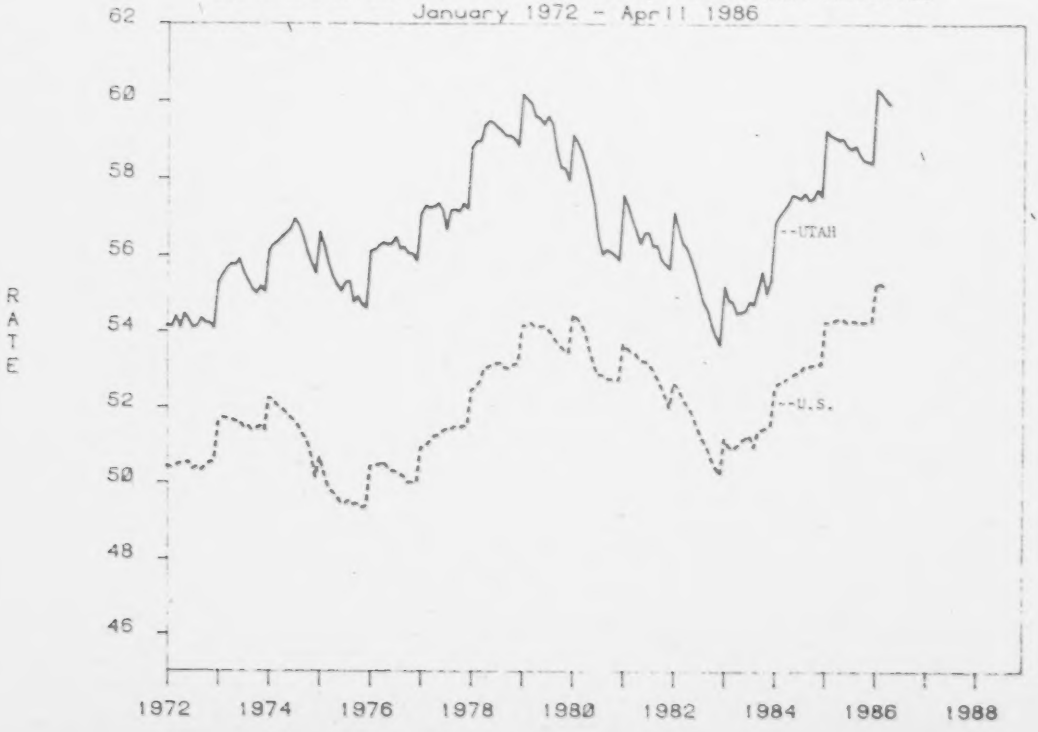
NONFARM JOB INDEX, U.S. AND UTAH, SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
January 1972 - April 1986



Base year = 1977

NOTE: Non-farm job index is a general indicator of the level and direction of economic activity. For detailed explanation see UTAH LABOR MARKET REPORT, February 1986.

EMPLOYMENT RATIO, U.S. AND UTAH, SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
January 1972 - April 1986



NOTE: Employment ratio indicates that proportion of the population 16 years and older that is employed. For detailed explanation see UTAH LABOR MARKET REPORT, February 1986.

UNITED STATES NON FARM JOB INDEX (SEASONALLY ADJUSTED)
(1977=100)

	JAN.	FEB.	MARCH	APRIL	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG.	SEP.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.
1972	88.5	88.6	88.8	89.0	89.2	89.4	89.2	89.5	89.5	89.8	90.1	90.3
1973	92.4	92.7	92.8	93.0	93.0	93.2	93.0	93.3	93.2	93.4	93.7	93.7
1974	95.4	95.5	95.3	95.3	95.3	95.2	95.2	95.1	94.8	94.7	94.1	93.2
1975	94.3	93.7	93.2	93.0	93.0	92.8	92.9	93.3	93.2	93.4	93.3	93.6
1976	95.3	96.0	96.1	96.4	96.3	96.2	96.4	96.4	96.4	96.2	96.4	96.5
1977	98.5	98.6	99.0	99.4	99.7	100.0	100.3	100.5	100.8	100.8	101.1	101.3
1978	103.3	103.5	104.0	104.9	105.0	105.4	105.6	105.7	105.6	105.8	106.2	106.4
1979	108.5	108.6	108.9	108.8	109.0	109.2	109.2	109.2	108.9	108.9	108.9	108.9
1980	111.0	111.0	110.8	110.5	109.7	109.2	108.7	108.9	108.8	108.9	109.0	109.1
1981	111.2	111.1	111.0	111.0	110.8	110.9	110.9	110.7	110.4	110.0	109.5	109.0
1982	110.5	110.4	110.0	109.7	109.4	109.0	108.5	108.1	107.8	107.2	106.8	106.6
1983	108.7	108.4	108.3	108.5	108.9	109.2	109.5	109.9	109.9	110.1	110.3	110.6
1984	113.0	113.4	113.4	113.9	114.0	114.3	114.4	114.9	115.0	115.2	115.4	115.5
1985	117.9	117.9	118.1	118.3	118.5	118.3	118.5	118.7	118.6	118.8	118.9	119.1
1986	121.7	121.7	121.7									

UTAH NON FARM JOB INDEX (SEASONALLY ADJUSTED)
(1977=100)

	JAN.	FEB.	MARCH	APRIL	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG.	SEP.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.
1972	79.1	79.2	79.8	79.7	80.4	80.4	80.3	80.6	81.1	81.2	81.4	81.4
1973	83.5	84.0	84.5	85.0	85.1	85.5	85.2	85.1	84.9	84.9	85.4	85.4
1974	87.3	87.7	88.1	88.6	88.8	89.2	89.8	89.8	89.6	89.2	88.9	88.8
1975	90.8	90.5	90.0	89.8	89.6	89.5	90.2	90.5	89.8	90.3	90.2	90.3
1976	93.1	93.4	93.8	94.3	94.4	94.7	95.3	95.1	95.4	95.5	95.7	95.7
1977	98.1	98.8	99.0	99.4	99.8	99.8	99.3	100.4	100.8	101.0	101.7	101.8
1978	105.0	105.6	106.0	107.2	107.6	107.9	108.0	108.2	108.3	108.7	108.9	109.0
1979	111.9	112.0	112.2	112.0	112.2	112.3	113.1	113.1	112.2	111.8	112.0	111.8
1980	114.5	114.5	114.4	114.2	113.6	112.9	111.6	111.0	111.4	111.5	111.6	111.5
1981	115.1	114.8	114.3	114.1	113.5	114.3	114.6	114.1	114.3	113.8	113.8	113.8
1982	117.1	116.5	115.9	116.0	115.5	115.0	114.4	113.8	113.5	112.9	112.5	112.2
1983	115.6	115.0	115.1	114.8	114.9	115.2	115.9	115.9	116.9	118.0	116.9	117.7
1984	121.1	121.6	122.0	122.7	123.1	123.2	123.2	123.7	123.4	123.7	124.3	124.1
1985	127.9	127.7	127.8	127.9	128.0	127.8	127.7	127.1	127.8	127.6	127.7	127.7
1986	132.1	132.0	131.8	131.7								

UNITED STATES EMPLOYMENT RATIO (SEASONALLY ADJUSTED)

	JAN.	FEB.	MARCH	APRIL	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG.	SEP.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.
1972	50.5	50.4	50.5	50.5	50.5	50.6	50.4	50.5	50.3	50.5	50.6	50.6
1973	51.6	51.7	51.7	51.7	51.6	51.7	51.5	51.5	51.4	51.5	51.5	51.4
1974	52.3	52.2	52.1	52.0	51.9	51.8	51.7	51.5	51.3	51.2	50.8	50.2
1975	50.7	50.3	49.9	49.8	49.7	49.5	49.4	49.6	49.4	49.4	49.3	49.4
1976	50.5	50.5	50.5	50.6	50.4	50.3	50.3	50.2	50.2	50.0	50.0	50.0
1977	51.0	51.0	51.1	51.2	51.3	51.4	51.4	51.4	51.5	51.5	51.5	51.5
1978	52.5	52.6	52.7	53.1	53.1	53.2	53.2	53.2	53.1	53.1	53.2	53.2
1979	54.2	54.2	54.2	54.1	54.1	54.2	54.1	54.0	53.8	53.7	53.5	53.5
1980	54.3	54.4	54.2	54.0	53.5	53.2	52.9	52.9	52.8	52.8	52.8	52.8
1981	53.7	53.6	53.5	53.5	53.3	53.3	53.2	53.1	52.8	52.6	52.3	52.0
1982	52.7	52.6	52.3	52.1	52.0	51.7	51.4	51.2	51.0	50.6	50.4	50.2
1983	51.2	51.0	50.9	51.0	51.1	51.2	51.3	51.0	51.4	51.4	51.5	51.6
1984	52.6	52.7	52.7	52.8	52.9	53.0	53.0	53.2	53.1	53.2	53.2	53.2
1985	54.3	54.3	54.2	54.4	54.4	54.3	54.3	54.3	54.2	54.3	54.3	54.3
1986	55.3	55.3	55.2									

UTAH EMPLOYMENT RATIO (SEASONALLY ADJUSTED)

	JAN.	FEB.	MARCH	APRIL	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG.	SEP.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.
1972	54.2	54.1	54.4	54.2	54.5	54.3	54.1	54.1	54.3	54.2	54.2	54.1
1973	55.3	55.5	55.7	55.8	55.7	55.9	55.6	55.3	55.1	55.0	55.2	55.0
1974	56.2	56.3	56.4	56.6	56.6	56.7	57.0	56.8	56.5	56.1	55.8	55.5
1975	56.6	56.3	55.8	55.5	55.2	55.1	55.3	55.3	54.8	54.9	54.7	54.6
1976	56.1	56.2	56.3	56.4	56.3	56.3	56.5	56.2	56.2	56.1	56.1	55.9
1977	57.1	57.3	57.2	57.3	57.4	57.2	56.7	57.2	57.2	57.1	57.3	57.2
1978	58.8	59.0	59.0	59.4	59.5	59.4	59.3	59.2	59.1	59.1	59.0	58.9
1979	60.2	60.1	60.0	59.7	59.6	59.4	59.6	59.4	58.8	58.3	58.3	58.0
1980	59.1	58.9	58.7	58.4	57.9	57.3	56.5	56.1	56.2	56.1	56.0	55.9
1981	57.6	57.3	57.0	56.7	56.3	56.6	56.6	56.3	56.3	55.9	55.8	55.7
1982	57.2	56.8	56.4	56.3	55.9	55.6	55.2	54.8	54.6	54.2	53.9	53.7
1983	55.2	54.8	54.8	54.6	54.5	54.7	54.8	54.7	55.2	55.6	55.0	54.4
1984	56.9	57.1	57.2	57.4	57.6	57.5	57.5	57.6	57.5	57.5	57.7	57.6
1985	59.3	59.1	59.1	59.0	59.1	58.9	58.8	58.9	58.7	58.5	58.5	58.4
1986	60.4	60.2	60.1	60.0								

Source: Utah Department of Employment Security, Labor Market Information (LMI) Services.

TABLE 1. CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE IN UTAH

	Apr. 1986(f)	Apr. 1985	% Change	Mar. 1986(p)	Mar. 1985	% Change	Feb. 1986(r)	Feb. 1985	% Change
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE	739,900	724,100	2.2	736,000	721,500	2.0	736,200	713,500	3.2
Employed	699,100	680,300	2.8	694,000	672,800	3.2	690,200	662,700	4.1
Unemployed	40,800	43,800	−6.8	41,900	48,700	−14.0	46,000	50,800	−9.4
Percent of Labor Force	5.5	6.1	—	5.7	6.8	—	6.2	7.1	—
Percent of Labor Force Seasonally Adjusted	5.4	6.5	—	5.2	6.3	—	5.5	6.3	—

f = forecast, p = preliminary, r = revised.
Source: Utah Department of Employment Security, Labor Market Information Services. Prepared in conjunction with U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

TABLE 2. EMPLOYEES ON NONAGRICULTURAL PAYROLLS, BY INDUSTRY, IN UTAH
(Numbers in Thousands)

	Apr. 1986(f)	Apr. 1985	% Change	Mar. 1986(p)	Mar. 1985	% Change	Feb. 1986(r)	Feb. 1985	% Change
Total	637.5	618.7	3.0	634.0	614.3	3.2	629.4	608.7	3.4
Mining	7.8	9.8	−20.4	8.5	10.8	−21.3	8.6	10.9	−21.1
Metal Mining	1.7	2.3	−26.1	1.7	3.0	−43.3	1.7	3.1	−45.2
Bituminous Coal Mining	2.6	2.8	−7.1	3.1	2.8	10.7	3.0	2.7	11.1
Other Mining & Quarrying	3.5	4.7	−25.5	3.7	5.1	−27.5	3.8	5.2	−26.9
Contract Construction	34.4	34.1	0.9	31.7	31.1	1.9	30.9	30.3	2.0
Manufacturing	92.2	93.6	−1.5	92.3	93.6	−1.3	92.5	93.4	−1.0
Durable Goods	63.8	66.0	−3.3	63.8	65.9	−3.2	64.0	66.2	−3.3
Primary Metals	4.1	5.4	−24.1	4.1	5.4	−24.1	4.1	5.3	−22.6
Fabricated Metals & Machinery, Exc. Elec.	19.5	20.4	−4.4	19.9	20.8	−4.3	20.0	20.9	−4.3
Electrical Equipment & Supplies	8.2	8.7	−5.7	8.2	9.0	−8.9	8.0	9.6	−16.7
Transportation Equipment	14.6	14.2	2.8	14.5	13.8	5.1	14.9	13.5	10.4
Other Durable Goods	17.4	17.3	0.6	17.1	16.9	1.2	17.0	16.8	1.2
Non-Durable Goods	28.4	27.6	2.9	28.4	27.7	2.5	28.5	27.2	4.8
Food & Kindred Products	9.2	8.6	7.0	9.1	8.5	7.1	9.2	8.3	10.8
Textile & Apparel Products	5.8	6.0	−3.3	5.9	6.1	−3.3	5.9	6.1	−3.3
Chemical & Petroleum Products	3.5	3.7	−5.4	3.6	3.7	−2.7	3.6	3.7	−2.7
Other Non-Durable Goods	9.9	9.4	5.3	9.9	9.4	5.3	9.8	9.1	7.7
Trans., Comm., Pub. Util.	37.2	36.4	2.2	37.3	36.5	2.2	37.0	36.3	1.9
Railroad Transportation	3.6	4.0	−10.0	3.6	4.0	−10.0	3.6	4.0	−10.0
Other Transportation	17.6	16.4	7.3	17.7	16.4	7.9	17.3	16.2	6.8
Comm., & Elect., Gas & Pipeline	16.0	16.0	0.0	16.0	16.0	0.0	16.1	16.1	0.0
Trade	150.3	144.6	3.9	149.3	143.4	4.1	148.4	142.2	4.4
Wholesale Trade	35.5	35.2	0.9	35.5	35.2	0.9	35.3	34.9	1.1
Retail Trade	114.8	109.4	4.9	113.8	108.2	5.2	113.1	107.3	5.4
Building Materials	5.6	5.4	3.7	5.3	5.1	3.9	5.1	5.0	2.0
Food Stores	20.0	18.8	6.4	20.0	18.7	7.0	20.1	18.6	8.1
Automotive Dealers & Service Stations	14.0	13.4	4.5	13.7	13.1	4.6	13.6	12.9	5.4
Eating & Drinking Places	37.8	35.5	6.5	37.2	34.9	6.6	36.6	34.1	7.3
Other Retail	37.4	36.3	3.0	37.5	36.3	3.3	37.8	36.6	3.3
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	32.6	30.6	6.5	32.5	30.6	6.2	32.3	30.3	6.6
Services	137.9	129.5	6.5	138.1	130.1	6.1	136.7	128.1	6.7
Hotels & Other Lodging Places	9.9	9.3	6.5	9.9	9.6	3.1	9.8	9.4	4.3
Personal Business Services & Amusements	48.2	43.3	11.3	48.3	43.9	10.0	47.4	43.1	10.0
Medical & Other Health Services	35.3	33.2	6.3	35.3	33.3	6.0	35.2	33.0	6.7
Educational Services & Nonprofit Organ.	31.7	31.2	1.6	32.0	31.5	1.6	31.8	30.9	2.9
Other Services	13.1	12.4	3.2	12.6	11.8	6.8	12.3	11.7	6.0
Government	145.1	140.0	3.6	144.3	138.2	4.4	141.5	137.2	4.2
Federal Government	41.2	39.7	4.0	40.6	38.3	6.0	39.9	38.2	4.7
U.S. Federal Defense	23.8	23.3	2.1	23.5	22.7	3.5	23.4	22.8	2.6
Other Federal Government	17.5	16.4	6.7	17.1	15.7	8.9	16.6	15.4	7.8
State Government	38.5	37.1	3.8	38.7	37.2	4.0	38.7	37.1	4.3
State Education	21.1	21.0	0.5	21.4	21.2	0.9	21.5	21.1	1.9
Other State Government	17.4	16.1	8.1	17.3	16.0	8.1	17.2	16.0	7.5
Local Government	65.3	63.3	3.2	64.9	62.7	3.5	64.2	61.9	3.7
Local Education	41.7	40.4	3.2	41.7	40.4	3.2	41.2	39.9	3.3
Other Local Government	23.6	22.9	3.1	23.2	22.3	4.0	23.0	22.0	4.5
Labor - Management Disputes	0	0	—	0	0	—	0	0	—

Note: Labor disputes are added into civilian labor force totals, but are excluded from nonagricultural payroll job totals.
f = forecast, p = preliminary, r = revised.
Source: Utah Department of Employment Security, Labor Market Information Services. Prepared in conjunction with U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

TABLE 3. EMPLOYMENT STATUS OF UTAH'S POPULATION AND NONAGRICULTURAL JOBS BY INDUSTRY
(Numbers in Thousands, Seasonally Adjusted)

	Apr. '86 (f)	Apr. '85	% Change	Mar. '86 (p)	Feb. '86 (r)	Jan. '86	Dec. '85	Nov. '85	Oct. '85	Sept. '85	Aug. '85
TOTAL POPULATION[1]	1,671.9	1,644.1	1.7	1,669.6	1,667.3	1,665.0	1,662.7	1,660.3	1,658.0	1,655.7	1,653.3
Civilian Noninstitutional Population 16 Years & Older[1]	1,113.4	1,091.5	2.0	1,111.6	1,109.8	1,108.0	1,106.2	1,104.3	1,102.5	1,100.7	1,098.8
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE	743.9	728.0	2.2	741.8	747.2	752.7	739.7	742.8	738.9	730.7	730.3
Participation Rate	66.8	66.7	0.0	66.7	67.3	67.9	66.9	67.3	67.0	66.4	66.5
TOTAL EMPLOYED PERSONS	703.4	684.5	2.8	703.2	706.0	708.8	696.7	696.1	698.5	689.2	689.7
Employment Ratio[2]	58.1	57.1	0.0	58.1	58.2	58.3	56.2	56.5	56.5	56.5	56.7
Nonagricultural Employment	640.0	615.0	4.1	638.9	639.5	640.1	620.3	620.8	624.5	621.5	619.2
Self-employed & Domestics[3]	52.3	58.1	—10.0	52.7	54.5	58.1	58.3	58.3	59.2	58.0	59.2
Agricultural Employment	11.9	12.1	—1.6	11.9	11.9	11.9	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
UNEMPLOYED PERSONS	40.5	43.5	—6.9	38.7	41.2	43.9	43.0	46.7	40.4	41.5	40.5
Unemployment Rate	5.4	6.0	0.0	5.2	5.5	5.8	5.8	6.3	5.5	5.7	5.6
NOT IN THE LABOR FORCE	369.5	363.5	1.7	369.8	362.6	355.3	366.5	361.5	363.6	370.0	368.5
NONAGRICULTURAL JOB INDEX[4]	131.7	127.8	3.1	131.8	132.0	132.1	127.7	127.6	127.5	127.8	128.1
NONAGRICULTURAL JOBS[5]	639.7	621.0	3.0	639.4	639.1	639.4	632.0	630.0	628.8	627.9	627.5
Mining	7.9	10.0	—20.7	8.6	8.7	8.7	8.9	9.0	9.0	9.3	9.2
Contract Construction	36.8	36.4	1.0	35.9	36.7	36.6	34.3	35.7	36.0	35.5	35.9
Manufacturing	93.4	94.8	—1.5	93.4	93.9	93.4	92.4	94.9	95.5	93.7	93.7
Durable Goods	64.6	66.8	—3.4	64.6	64.8	64.6	64.1	66.3	67.1	65.4	65.5
Nondurable Goods	28.8	28.0	2.9	28.9	29.1	28.8	28.3	28.6	28.4	28.3	28.2
Trans., Comm., & Publ. Util.	37.5	36.7	2.2	37.8	37.8	38.0	37.7	36.5	36.4	37.1	37.0
Trade	152.7	146.9	4.0	152.3	152.2	152.0	148.7	149.4	149.0	148.4	149.0
Wholesale	35.7	35.4	0.8	35.8	35.8	35.9	35.5	35.8	35.8	35.7	35.9
Retail	117.0	111.5	4.9	116.5	116.4	116.1	113.2	113.6	113.2	112.7	113.2
Finance, Ins., & Real Est.	32.7	30.7	6.6	32.5	32.4	32.2	31.9	31.4	31.3	31.4	31.3
Services	136.4	128.1	6.5	137.3	136.4	137.3	135.9	133.2	132.4	133.9	133.6
Government	142.3	137.3	3.6	141.7	141.0	141.2	142.2	139.9	139.3	138.6	137.7
Federal	40.9	39.2	4.1	40.7	40.3	40.6	40.9	40.3	40.2	40.2	39.6
State	37.6	36.2	3.9	37.3	37.4	37.2	37.4	35.7	35.7	36.6	36.4
Local	63.8	61.9	3.1	63.7	63.3	63.4	63.9	63.9	63.3	61.7	61.5

[1] Figures represent estimated trends, not seasonally adjusted.
[2] Represents the employed portion of the population, 16 years and older, by place of residence.
[3] Includes individual nonagricultural proprietors, unpaid family workers, and employees of private households.
[4] Base year 1977 = 100.
[5] Includes full- and part-time jobs, including multiple jobs held by the same person by place of work.
f = forecast, p = preliminary, r = revised.
Source: Utah Department of Employment Security, Labor Market Information Services.

TABLE 4. DISTRIBUTION OF NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT BY SEX, AND PRODUCTION WORKERS, BY INDUSTRY, IN UTAH
(Employment in Thousands)

	Male			Female			Production Workers	
	Mar. 1986(p)	% Change from Mar. '85	% Distribution	Mar. 1986(p)	% Change from Mar. '85	% Distribution	Mar. 1986(p)	% of Industry
TOTAL	360.3	1.7	100.0	273.5	5.1	100.0	NA	NA
Mining	7.9	—22.5	2.2	0.6	0.0	0.2	6.5	76.5
Contract Construction	28.3	0.4	7.9	3.4	17.2	1.2	23.4	73.8
Manufacturing	63.8	—1.4	17.7	28.4	—1.7	10.4	60.1	65.2
Durable Goods	46.3	—3.5	12.9	17.5	—2.2	6.4	40.8	63.9
Nondurable Goods	17.5	4.8	4.9	10.9	—0.9	4.0	19.3	68.0
Transportation, Commun., & Pub. Util.	26.3	3.5	7.3	11.0	—0.9	4.0	25.8	69.2
Total Trade	79.7	2.6	22.1	69.6	5.9	25.4	130.9	87.7
Wholesale Trade	26.4	0.4	7.3	9.1	2.2	3.3	29.2	82.3
Retail Trade	53.3	3.7	14.8	60.5	6.5	22.1	101.7	89.4
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	12.0	5.3	3.3	20.5	6.8	7.5	25.2	77.5
Services	66.2	5.1	18.4	71.9	7.2	26.3	104.2	75.5
Total Government	76.1	3.4	21.1	68.1	5.3	24.9	NA	NA
Federal Government	25.3	6.3	7.0	15.3	4.8	5.6	NA	NA
U.S. Department of Defense	16.6	2.5	4.6	6.9	6.2	2.5	NA	NA
Other Federal Government	8.7	14.5	2.4	8.4	3.7	3.1	NA	NA
State Government	18.4	4.0	5.1	20.3	4.1	7.4	NA	NA
State Education	11.9	0.8	3.3	9.5	1.1	3.5	NA	NA
Other State Government	6.5	10.2	1.8	10.8	6.9	3.9	NA	NA
Local Government	32.4	0.9	9.0	32.5	6.2	11.9	NA	NA
Local Education	16.9	0.6	4.7	24.8	5.1	9.1	NA	NA
Other Local Government	15.5	1.3	4.3	7.7	10.0	2.8	NA	NA

p = preliminary.
Source: Utah Department of Employment Security, Labor Market Information Services.

TABLE 5. LABOR FORCE AND EMPLOYMENT IN UTAH'S METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS
(Numbers in Thousands)

	Salt Lake — Ogden[1]				Provo — Orem[2]				
	Apr. '86(f)	Apr. '85	% Chg.	Mar. '86(p)	Feb. '86(r)	Apr. '86(f)	Apr. '85	% Chg.	Mar. '86(p)	Feb. '86(r)
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE	490.7	477.2	2.8	487.8	487.9	94.9	93.5	1.5	95.2	95.4
Employed	466.3	452.1	3.1	462.7	460.4	89.8	86.7	3.6	89.7	89.2
Unemployed	24.4	25.1	−2.8	25.1	27.5	5.1	6.8	−25.0	5.5	6.2
Percent of Labor Force	5.0	5.3	0.0	5.1	5.6	5.4	7.3	0.0	5.8	6.5
Total Nonagricultural Jobs	443.6	429.6	3.3	439.6	436.4	73.0	70.3	3.8	73.2	72.4
Mining	2.0	2.7	−25.9	2.0	2.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1
Contract Construction	23.4	22.5	4.0	21.5	21.1	3.2	3.2	0.0	2.8	2.7
Manufacturing	62.2	63.5	−2.0	62.2	62.2	11.3	11.7	−3.4	11.3	11.3
Durable Goods	44.5	46.3	−3.9	44.5	44.5	8.1	8.6	−5.8	8.1	8.1
Nondurable Goods	17.7	17.2	2.9	17.7	17.7	3.2	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.2
Transp., Commun., & Pub. Util.	29.1	28.6	1.7	29.2	28.9	2.2	2.0	10.0	2.3	2.3
Total Trade	110.4	106.4	3.8	109.4	108.9	14.6	14.0	4.3	15.0	14.9
Wholesale Trade	30.7	30.4	1.0	30.6	30.5	1.5	1.5	0.0	1.6	1.6
Retail Trade	79.7	76.0	4.9	78.8	78.4	13.1	12.5	4.8	13.4	13.3
Finance, Insurance, & Real Est.	26.7	25.0	6.8	26.5	26.3	2.3	2.1	9.5	2.3	2.3
Services	94.6	88.9	6.4	94.2	93.3	25.2	23.6	6.8	25.5	25.0
Total Government	95.2	92.0	3.5	94.6	93.7	14.1	13.6	3.7	13.9	13.8

[1] Includes Salt Lake, Davis, and Weber counties.
[2] Provo — Orem is Utah County.
Note: f = forecast, p = preliminary, r = revised. Detail may not add to totals because of independent rounding.
Forecast unemployment rates are advance estimates consistent with BLS approved procedures. Forecast rates should not be used for federal funding applications.
Source: Utah Department of Employment Security, Labor Market Information Services. Prepared in conjunction with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

TABLE 6. CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE AND COMPONENTS IN UTAH BY PLANNING DISTRICT AND COUNTY

Planning District and County	Not Seas. Adj. Unemployment Rate				Civilian Labor Force			Nonag. Wage and Salary Jobs		
	Apr. '86(f)	Mar. '86(p)	Feb. '86(r)	Apr. '85	Apr. '86(f)	Apr. '85	% Change	Apr. '86(f)	Apr. '85	% Change
State Total	5.5	5.7	6.2	6.1	739,930	724,100	2.2	637,500	618,670	3.0
Bear River	4.1	4.3	4.6	5.1	44,040	42,920	2.6	37,370	35,670	4.8
Box Elder	3.6	4.1	4.2	5.2	16,200	15,780	2.7	14,180	13,470	5.3
Cache	4.3	4.4	4.8	5.1	27,040	26,400	2.4	22,810	21,840	4.4
Rich	5.4	5.8	5.7	3.0	800	740	8.1	380	360	5.6
Wasatch Front	5.0	5.2	5.7	5.3	504,000	490,110	2.8	455,230	440,700	3.3
North	4.3	4.5	4.9	4.8	157,530	153,530	2.6	111,900	107,820	3.8
Davis	3.7	3.7	4.2	3.9	79,930	77,640	2.9	51,760	50,120	3.3
Morgan	5.7	6.6	7.6	7.5	1,650	1,660	−0.6	960	940	2.1
Weber	5.0	5.2	5.7	5.8	75,950	74,230	2.3	59,180	56,760	4.3
South	5.3	5.5	6.0	5.5	346,470	336,580	2.9	343,330	332,880	3.1
Salt Lake	5.3	5.5	6.0	5.5	334,740	325,290	2.9	332,700	322,730	3.1
Tooele	5.4	5.4	6.3	6.3	11,730	11,290	3.9	10,630	10,150	4.7
Mountainlands	5.9	6.0	6.7	7.6	105,910	104,170	1.7	80,960	78,130	3.6
Summit	8.9	5.8	6.0	9.6	7,230	6,930	4.3	6,170	5,950	3.7
Utah	5.4	5.8	6.5	7.2	94,910	93,500	1.5	72,900	70,350	3.6
Wasatch	12.8	12.7	13.0	13.8	3,770	3,740	0.8	1,890	1,830	3.3
Central	9.9	11.1	12.5	8.5	23,280	24,350	−4.4	15,540	16,360	−5.0
Juab	15.9	17.6	20.2	15.2	2,070	2,040	1.5	1,580	1,550	1.9
Millard	5.9	6.1	6.4	4.2	8,010	9,030	−11.3	5,160	5,930	−13.0
Piute	20.4	17.2	18.5	16.5	400	390	2.6	180	180	0.0
Sanpete	16.0	17.9	20.2	14.5	5,810	5,800	0.2	3,430	3,450	−0.6
Sevier	6.5	8.5	10.0	6.5	6,160	6,250	−1.4	4,800	4,850	−1.0
Wayne	10.9	11.9	15.1	9.2	830	840	−1.2	390	400	−2.5
Southwestern	6.0	6.1	6.8	6.4	28,020	27,630	1.4	20,200	19,590	3.1
Beaver	5.7	5.9	7.9	8.7	2,390	2,630	−9.1	1,490	1,570	−5.1
Garfield	14.1	18.6	21.6	16.2	1,330	1,390	−4.3	1,200	1,220	−1.6
Iron	6.1	5.6	6.3	5.8	8,660	8,380	3.3	6,680	6,460	3.4
Kane	9.6	10.4	11.0	12.4	2,050	1,990	3.0	1,180	1,090	8.3
Washington	4.6	4.7	5.0	4.4	13,590	13,240	2.6	9,650	9,250	4.3
Uintah Basin	12.0	12.3	12.3	10.5	15,540	15,440	0.6	11,770	11,940	−1.4
Daggett	3.6	4.3	6.3	3.1	300	290	3.4	240	230	4.3
Duchesne	14.4	15.4	14.7	11.6	5,750	5,520	4.2	4,160	4,120	1.0
Uintah	10.9	10.7	11.1	10.0	9,490	9,630	−1.5	7,370	7,590	−2.9
Southeastern	9.7	8.9	9.8	11.8	19,130	19,460	−1.7	16,450	16,290	1.0
Carbon	8.5	7.9	9.0	10.7	8,320	8,690	−4.3	7,300	7,440	−1.9
Emery	10.9	8.9	9.4	15.0	4,150	4,120	0.7	4,020	3,810	5.5
Grand	13.8	13.5	15.1	14.7	3,060	3,170	−3.5	2,180	2,210	−1.4
San Juan	7.7	7.3	7.3	8.4	3,600	3,480	3.4	2,950	2,830	4.2

Note: f = forecast, p = preliminary, r = revised.
Forecast unemployment rates are advance estimates consistent with BLS approved procedures. Forecast rates should not be used for federal funding applications.
Source: Utah Department of Employment Security, Labor Market Information Services. Prepared in conjunction with U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

TABLE 7. HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS IN SALT LAKE-OGDEN LABOR AREA

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Mar.(p) 1986	Feb.(r) 1986	Mar. 1985	Mar.(p) 1986	Feb.(r) 1986	Mar. 1985	Mar.(p) 1986	Feb.(r) 1986	Mar. 1985
MINING	$441.22	$467.08	$541.37	38.3	40.3	43.0	$11.52	$11.59	$12.59
CONSTRUCTION	469.15	465.80	483.07	32.9	33.2	38.4	14.26	14.03	12.58
MANUFACTURING	372.13	374.13	354.02	39.8	40.1	39.6	9.35	9.33	8.94
Durable Goods	387.59	387.60	370.64	40.5	40.8	41.0	9.57	9.50	9.04
Nondurable Goods	331.51	340.61	310.68	37.8	38.4	36.0	8.77	8.87	8.63
TRADE	229.67	225.15	236.50	30.5	30.1	31.2	7.53	7.48	7.58
Wholesale Trade	361.86	354.31	365.68	35.2	34.2	37.2	10.28	10.36	9.83
Retail Trade	182.30	178.46	188.21	28.8	28.6	29.0	6.33	6.24	6.49
AVERAGE	314.59	313.91	314.94	33.9	33.9	34.8	9.28	9.26	9.05

Note: Average hours includes hours actually worked or remunerated. Average hourly and weekly earnings include incentive and premium pay.
Data may be affected by labor disputes. p = preliminary. r = revised.
Source: Utah Department of Employment Security, Labor Market Information Services. Prepared in conjunction with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

TABLE 8. HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS IN UTAH

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Mar.(p) 1986	Feb.(r) 1986	Mar. 1985	Mar.(p) 1986	Feb.(r) 1986	Mar. 1985	Mar.(p) 1986	Feb.(r) 1986	Mar. 1985
MINING	$575.92	$597.64	$557.27	43.4	44.6	43.3	$13.27	$13.40	$12.87
Metal Mining	536.33	538.15	575.86	40.6	40.8	43.2	13.21	13.19	13.33
Bituminous Coal Mining	625.87	687.53	678.11	40.8	44.5	41.5	15.34	15.45	16.34
CONSTRUCTION	468.79	465.00	475.38	36.2	36.3	38.0	12.95	12.81	12.51
MANUFACTURING	382.55	378.54	370.26	40.1	40.1	39.6	9.54	9.44	9.35
Durable Goods	409.08	407.11	393.59	42.0	42.1	41.3	9.74	9.67	9.53
Primary Metal Industries	619.48	610.44	595.29	41.8	40.4	42.1	14.82	15.11	14.14
Fabricated Metal Prod. & Mach.	397.93	391.39	356.51	43.3	43.2	41.6	9.19	9.06	8.57
Transportation Equipment	494.10	492.30	490.98	40.6	41.3	42.0	12.17	11.92	11.69
Nondurable Goods	327.07	318.79	318.09	36.1	35.9	35.7	9.06	8.88	8.91
Food & Kindred Products	290.99	288.56	295.80	34.6	34.6	36.7	8.41	8.34	8.06
Chemicals & Petroleum Products	561.58	536.60	542.82	43.0	41.5	41.5	13.06	12.93	13.08
TRADE	215.92	211.97	222.65	29.1	28.8	30.5	7.42	7.36	7.30
Wholesale Trade	370.85	367.45	363.68	35.9	35.4	37.3	10.33	10.38	9.75
Retail Trade	171.90	166.70	179.49	27.2	26.8	28.4	6.32	6.22	6.32
Food Stores	215.81	208.24	222.68	28.1	27.4	29.3	7.68	7.60	7.60
Other Retail	178.19	176.97	180.24	29.6	29.3	28.7	6.02	6.04	6.28
AVERAGE	317.90	316.88	316.94	34.0	34.0	34.6	9.35	9.32	9.16

Note: Average hours includes hours actually worked or remunerated. Average hourly and weekly earnings include incentive and premium pay.
Data may be affected by labor disputes. p = preliminary. r = revised.
Source: Utah Department of Employment Security, Labor Market Information Services. Prepared in conjunction with U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

TABLE 9. EMPLOYMENT SECURITY ACTIVITIES IN UTAH

	THIS YEAR			YEAR AGO		
	Forecast Apr. '86	Preliminary Mar. '86	Final Feb. '86	Final Apr. '85	Final Mar. '85	Final Feb. '85
Number of New Nonfarm Jobs Listed	9,322	7,812	4,699	9,207	7,716	7,190
Job Openings Unfilled Last Month	6,107	4,723	3,223	6,858	5,304	5,400
Total Number of Nonfarm Jobs Available	15,429	12,535	7,922	16,065	13,020	12,590
Number of New Applications for Jobs	9,360	7,952	3,152	9,598	8,154	4,100
Total Nonfarm Job Placements	7,458	5,547	3,941	6,331	4,709	5,670
Initial Claims (Key Week)	2,470	1,953	2,270	2,323	2,656	2,127
Weeks Claimed (Key Week)	14,278	16,886	18,184	13,636	16,342	19,809
Monthly Insured Unemployment Rate (Key Week)	2.52	2.99	3.21	2.51	3.05	3.72
Amount of Unemployment Compensation Paid	$8,832,000	$9,988,000	$10,219,541	$8,194,264	$9,186,914	$9,656,930

Note: All claims data include Regular UI, UCFE, and UCX, claims only.
Source: Utah Department of Employment Security, Labor Market Information Services.

TABLE 10. CURRENT PRICE INDEXES — UNITED STATES
1967 = 100

Item	Index					% Change			
	Mar. '86	Feb. '86	Jan. '86	Dec. '85	Mar. '85	From Last Month	Mar. '85 to Mar. '86	Feb. '85 to Feb. '86	Jan. '85 to Jan. '86	Dec. '84 to Dec. '85
CONSUMER PRICES										
ALL ITEMS (CPI-U[1])	**326.0**	327.5	328.4	327.4	318.8	**—0.5**	2.3	3.2	3.9	3.8
Food and Beverages	**307.8**	307.7	307.9	305.6	301.6	**0.0**	2.1	2.1	2.9	2.8
Food at Home	**301.2**	301.5	302.5	299.3	298.4	**—0.1**	0.9	1.0	2.2	2.1
Housing	**357.0**	356.5	356.8	355.8	344.7	**0.1**	3.6	3.8	4.3	4.3
Rent Residential	**275.0**	273.7	273.4	272.4	259.2	**0.5**	6.1	5.9	6.3	6.4
Fuel and Other Util.	**385.5**	390.0	394.6	393.3	388.2	**—1.2**	—0.7	0.9	1.8	1.9
Medical Care	**425.8**	422.3	418.2	414.7	396.5	**0.8**	7.4	7.2	6.9	6.7
Apparel and Upkeep	**206.3**	204.1	205.0	209.0	205.3	**1.1**	0.5	1.1	2.6	2.9
Transportation	**309.6**	319.2	323.9	324.0	316.7	**—3.0**	—2.2	1.6	2.9	2.6
Gasoline	**307.7**	350.8	372.5	376.8	360.0	**—12.3**	—14.5	—0.2	4.4	3.0
Energy[2]	**381.3**	408.9	424.7	426.5	416.6	**—6.7**	—8.5	—0.6	2.5	1.8
PRODUCER PRICES										
ALL COMMODITIES	**300.3**	304.7	309.0	310.2	308.7	**—1.4**	—2.7	—1.5	—0.3	0.1
Finished Goods	**288.1**	292.3	296.2	297.2	292.4	**—1.4**	—1.4	—0.1	1.2	1.6
Intermediate Materials	**309.4**	313.5	317.2	318.8	318.6	**—1.3**	—2.9	—1.6	—0.8	—0.3
Crude Materials	**280.9**	290.5	301.3	304.7	312.9	**—3.3**	—10.1	—8.7	—5.7	—5.7

[1] Consumer Price Index — All Urban Consumers.
[2] Energy is a special group index consisting of prices paid for the following: Fuel Oil, Coal, Bottled Gas, Electricity, Gasoline, and Motor Oil and Coolant. (It is not one of the components of the "All Items" as its subcomponents are already included.)
Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

ATTENTION — NEW PUBLICATION!!

UTAH AFFIRMATIVE ACTION INFORMATION—1985

The 1985 Utah Affirmative Action publication is now available. Information such as the racial distribution of Utah's population in each county and 1985 annual average labor force characteristics for these groups and for females are all a part of the publication. Also included are occupational characteristics for the population groups in each county.

If you are in business, government, education, or an individual needing this information, or are just interested in the breakdown of Utah's population, civilian labor force, or employment characteristics be sure to order your free copy today. This can be done by either contacting the nearest Job Service office or by calling (801) 533-2293.

LMI

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FOR ..... THE NATION ..... THE STATE ..... THE COUNTIES ..... THE CITIES

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174 Social Hall Avenue, P.O. Box 11249
Salt Lake City, Utah 84147 Phone (801) 533-2345

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678-2244

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138 West 990 South 84302
723-5261

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381-2301

CEDAR CITY
106 East 2nd North
P.O. Box 669 84720
586-6585

CLEARFIELD
1579 South State
P.O. Box 835 84015
773-8380

DELTA
520 East Topaz Blvd.
Suite 109 84624
864-4545

EPHRAIM
390 North Main
P.O. Box 721 84627
283-4018

FILLMORE
Millard County Courthouse
P.O. Box 847 84631
743-5451

HEBER
90 N. Valley Square
Shopping Center, Suite 4
P.O. Box 158 84032
654-0360

KANAB
100 West Center Street
P.O. Box 1268 84741
644-5888

LOGAN
446 North 1st West
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752-5381

MOAB
91 East Uranium Avenue
P.O. Box 580 84532
259-7124

NEPHI
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623-0801

OGDEN
2655 Adams Avenue
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399-2181

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565 North Main Street
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84060
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UTAH LABOR MARKET REPORT

Published monthly by the Utah Department of Employment Security. Archives approval no. P840016

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A. Barclay Gardner, Administrator

Larry K. Wardle, Director, Labor Market Information Services

Ray L. Sargent, Economist

Lecia Parks, Labor Market Economist

CONGRESSIONAL
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BETHESDA MD 20814

6/20/86 S7820-3

Utah LABOR MARKET REPORT

MAY 1986 published June 1986

If you were expecting a mammoth change in the unemployment rate this month, you're in for a big disappointment. Utah's seasonally adjusted May unemployment rate dropped only one-tenth of a percentage point from the revised April figure to 5.2 percent. On a seasonally adjusted basis, approximately 38,600 Utahns were looking for work during the month of May. For the most part, you could call May a repeat of the last two months. However, while not the most exciting of employment-related developments, much can be said about this kind of economic lethargy. The rates of the last few months represent the lowest Utah unemployment levels since early 1980. Moreover, the May 1986 rate registers half a percentage point lower than the May 1985 rate. And finally, Utah's jobless rate still falls almost two percentage points below the national average.

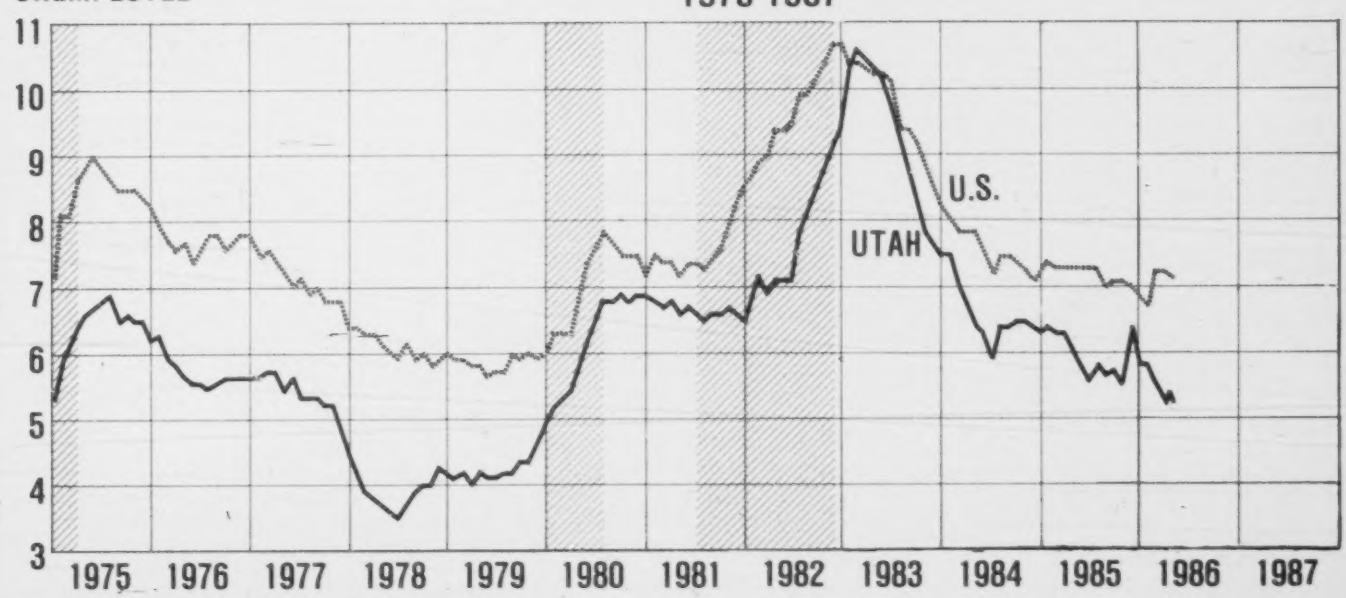
URBAN VERSUS RURAL

Much of the good unemployment news (if that's not a contradiction in terms) is focused around the Wasatch Front counties — Salt Lake, Davis, Utah, and Weber. In fact, all the aforementioned counties experienced unemployment rates below the State average. On the other hand, eight of Utah's "rural" counties manifested May unemployment above ten percent, and six counties showed jobless figures more than double the

IN THIS ISSUE:

Key Labor Market Information for Utah, by Planning District and County.
Percent Change in Non-Farm Earnings, 1984 for Regions, Metro & Non-Metro Areas, page 7.

UNEMPLOYMENT RATE, UTAH AND THE U.S.
(Seasonally Adjusted)
1975-1987



Shaded area represents U.S. recession period determined by National Bureau of Economic Research.

Source: Utah Department of Employment Security

UTAH DEPARTMENT OF EMPLOYMENT SECURITY — JOB SERVICE

State rate. In addition, most of the recent job growth has been centralized in urban areas. In other words, the economic sun has not been shining equally on Utah's urban and rural areas.

INCH BY INCH

Utah showed only a sluggish 2.5 percent nonagricultural employment gain between May 1985 and May 1986. In actual numbers, the increase amounted to about 15,400 new jobs. Nonfarm job growth within the State has been gradually declining over the past several months. May just continued the trend.

LOSING GROUND

The names and faces of Utah's ailing industries did not change much this month. Lower oil prices continued to dry up employment in the oil/gas extraction industry where the state has lost about 1,000 jobs since last year. Construction employment also dropped significantly (2,300 jobs) as several large nonresidential building projects wound down. Of course, employment levels in metal mining still reflect copper and uranium mine shutdowns. Jobs in this industry are down almost one-fourth from May 1985. Primary metals (mainly steel) manufacturing also has a frustrating record with a 25 percent year-over drop. In fact, the whole durable goods manufacturing industry generally remains in poor economic shape when contrasted to prior years. Transportation equipment manufacturing (the aerospace industry) proved the one exception holding on to a 3.5 percent gain in jobs in spite of recent layoffs. Even the mighty services industry produced a job loser this month. Miscellaneous service jobs (a division of the total services industry) dropped ten percent from last year.

YARD BY YARD

However, all is not gloom and doom in Utah. The services industry, as a whole, retained a firm hand on economic expansion with a 6.1 percent gain (7,800 jobs) since May of 1985. Even agricultural **services**, which is included in nonagricultural jobs, contrasted with actual farm employment, by exhibiting a substantial employment gain of more than 17 percent. The finance/insurance/real estate sector also experienced above average expansion adding 2,100 new jobs to the State's economy, a 6.8 percent increase. Total government — federal, state, and local — had significant year-over increases and combined to contribute 4,600 new jobs. Not to be left out, the mining industry also provided a job winner — coal mining has added 400 jobs since last year, growing almost 15 percent.

SHIFTING GEARS

Frequent readers of this newsletter are probably aware of the somewhat disparate expansion among Utah's various industries. Those industries generally termed "goods producing" (mining, construction, and manufacturing as a group) have — with a few exceptions — lost jobs or grown slowly. Figures for May, explained in the preceding paragraphs, provide a perfect example. On the other hand, the "service producing" industries have — with a few exceptions — manifested rather substantial growth. Of course, the rest of the nation has experienced this same condition. Someone has even coined an idiom for service producing employees — "new collar" workers. Actually, the U.S. has maintained a service economy for the last 30 years. To most economists, this shift to services is indicative of the highest stage of contemporary economic development. Lesser developed countries reside in the agrarian or early industrialization (primarily goods producing) phase. Moreover, in the past, the shift to a service producing economy has been closely associated with a rise in per capita gross national product — a very promising correlation for future services growth.

DEINDUSTRIALIZATION?

At the same time, some worry over the possible "deindustrialization" of America. The recent loss of goods producing jobs has sparked restrictive trade legislation in the United States Congress. Also, concerns continue to surface over the replacement of "high paying" goods producing jobs with "low paying" service jobs. True, a comparison of the average wage between goods producing and service sectors shows higher average monthly wages in the goods sector. However, a mix of high and low paying jobs exists in both sectors, and a higher proportion of service jobs are part-time.

Note that the nationwide shift in jobs has been primarily **relative** rather than **actual**. In other words, long term movement is not associated with an actual loss of goods producing jobs but rather with the decline in their **share** of the total employment pie. The general expansion of the labor force, particularly the increasing participation of women in the workplace, appears to have fueled the job increase in service producing industries. Also, higher incomes have given rise to changes in the demand for both goods and services. The bottom line? Although the relative shift from goods producing to service jobs may have tragic effects on individuals and companies, it is part of the natural growth process.

BOOM OR BUST?

If nonfarm job growth continues at its current languorous pace, Utah may not keep pace with its growing labor force; and unemployment may rise. On the other hand, this may be merely a lull before a storm of new Utah jobs which would keep Utah's unemployment rate relatively low. In April, the U.S. index of leading economic indicators took the largest jump in two and one-half years suggesting the country is still bound for continued economic good health. And to a large degree, as the nation goes, so goes Utah.

Lecia Parks, Labor Market Economist

SUMMARY OF
KEY LABOR MARKET INFORMATION FOR UTAH
by Planning District and County

Prepared by

Labor Market Information Services
Utah Department of Employment Security
174 Social Hall Avenue
P.O. Box 11249
Salt Lake City, Utah 84147-0249

May 1986

UTAH CITIES WITH POPULATION OF 2,500 OR MORE

CITY	COUNTY	RANK	POPULATION
Salt Lake City	Salt Lake	1	164,844
West Valley City	Salt Lake	2	89,147
Provo	Utah	3	74,138
Ogden	Weber	4	68,183
Sandy City	Salt Lake	5	63,498
Orem	Utah	6	60,884
West Jordan	Salt Lake	7	38,885
Bountiful	Davis	8	34,305
Layton	Davis	9	31,255
Logan	Cache	10	28,766
Murray	Salt Lake	11	26,929
Roy	Weber	12	22,485
Clearfield	Davis	13	21,859
St. George	Washington	14	16,546
Brigham City	Box Elder	15	16,331
Tooele	Tooele	16	15,687
American Fork	Utah	17	15,056
Springville	Utah	18	13,664
Pleasant Grove	Utah	19	12,963
Cedar City	Iron	20	12,333
South Ogden	Weber	21	12,297
South Salt Lake	Salt Lake	22	12,138
Midvale	Salt Lake	23	11,648
Kaysville	Davis	24	11,163
Spanish Fork	Utah	25	11,058
North Ogden	Weber	26	10,472
Price	Carbon	27	10,178
Centerville	Davis	28	9,879
South Jordan	Salt Lake	29	9,877
Vernal	Uintah	30	9,712
Payson	Utah	31	9,589
Riverton	Salt Lake	32	8,794
Washington Terrace	Weber	33	8,716
Lehi	Utah	34	8,111
Clinton	Davis	35	7,355
Riverdale	Weber	36	7,289
Farmington	Davis	37	6,551
North Salt Lake	Davis	38	6,292
Draper	Salt Lake	39	6,229
Smithfield	Cache	40	5,958
Richfield	Sevier	41	5,764
Sunset	Davis	42	5,703
Moab	Grand	43	5,091
Woods Cross	Davis	44	5,081
Roosevelt	Duchesne	45	5,005
Grantsville	Tooele	46	4,936
Hyrum	Cache	47	4,866
Heber City	Wasatch	48	4,807
Pleasant View	Weber	49	4,570
Syracuse	Davis	50	4,523
West Bountiful	Davis	51	4,353
Tremonton	Box Elder	52	4,128
Washington	Washington	53	3,975
Park City	Summit	54	3,924
Nephi	Juab	55	3,769
Fruit Heights	Davis	56	3,642
Highland	Utah	57	3,615
Lindon	Utah	58	3,518
Alpine	Utah	59	3,329
Blanding	San Juan	60	3,234
Mapleton	Utah	61	3,114
Ephraim	Sanpete	62	3,080
Delta	Millard	63	3,025
Providence	Cache	64	2,959
Hurricane	Washington	65	2,903
Helper	Carbon	66	2,846
Fillmore	Millard	67	2,782
West Point	Davis	68	2,739
Plain City	Weber	69	2,735
Santaquin	Utah	70	2,657
North Logan	Cache	71	2,630
Huntington	Emery	72	2,587
Salem	Utah	73	2,582
Wellsville	Cache	74	2,529

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of the Census, 1984 Revenue Sharing Estimates.

TOTAL POPULATION IN UTAH, BY DISTRICT AND COUNTY
SELECTED YEARS JULY 1, 1970 to 1985

	1985p	1984*	1983*	1982*	1981*	1980	1979	1978	1977	1976	1970
STATE TOTAL	1,649,000	1,623,000	1,596,000	1,558,000	1,515,000	1,474,000	1,415,950	1,363,750	1,315,950	1,272,050	1,066,000
BEAR RIVER	105,400	103,550	102,100	99,100	96,050	93,350	89,200	86,500	84,350	81,900	72,300
BOX ELDER	36,600	35,800	35,300	34,700	34,000	33,500	32,350	31,500	30,800	30,100	28,150
CACHE	66,700	65,600	64,500	62,000	59,800	57,700	54,800	53,200	51,700	50,100	42,550
RICH	2,100	2,150	2,300	2,400	2,250	2,150	2,050	1,800	1,850	1,700	1,600
WASATCH FRONT	1,050,750	1,032,550	1,015,550	995,300	971,850	949,150	913,650	879,750	851,150	826,750	713,450
NORTH	332,450	326,350	321,250	314,200	306,050	297,950	289,100	278,300	270,900	263,800	230,350
DAVIS	171,000	166,000	162,000	158,000	153,000	148,000	142,400	134,800	133,200	128,100	99,600
MORGAN	5,450	5,350	5,250	5,200	5,050	4,950	4,800	4,600	4,600	4,500	4,050
WEBER	156,000	155,000	154,000	151,000	148,000	145,000	141,900	138,800	133,100	131,200	126,700
SOUTH	718,300	706,200	694,300	681,100	665,800	651,200	624,550	601,450	580,250	262,950	483,100
SALT LAKE	690,000	678,000	667,000	654,000	639,000	625,000	599,100	576,600	556,000	539,400	461,500
TOOELE	28,300	28,200	27,300	27,100	26,800	26,200	25,450	24,850	24,250	23,550	21,600
MOUNTAINLAND	272,600	268,400	262,850	255,050	247,800	239,400	229,000	219,900	209,700	199,750	151,150
SUMMIT	12,400	12,200	11,800	11,300	10,900	10,400	9,500	8,950	8,450	7,850	5,900
UTAH	251,000	247,000	242,000	235,000	228,000	220,000	211,500	203,100	193,700	184,700	139,300
WASATCH	9,200	9,200	,050	8,750	8,900	8,650	8,000	7,850	7,550	7,200	5,950
CENTRAL	57,200	56,400	53,600	51,050	49,200	47,600	45,600	44,200	42,550	41,400	35,400
JUAB	6,250	6,150	5,900	5,700	5,600	5,550	5,400	5,250	5,150	5,050	4,600
MILLARD	14,200	13,500	11,400	10,400	9,600	9,050	8,550	8,250	8,050	7,950	7,050
PIUTE	1,550	1,500	1,450	1,350	1,400	1,350	1,250	1,250	1,200	1,200	1,150
SANPETE	16,900	17,000	16,900	16,100	15,400	14,800	14,050	13,650	13,050	12,500	11,000
SEVIER	16,200	16,100	15,800	15,500	15,200	14,900	14,450	14,000	13,400	13,050	10,150
WAYNE	2,100	2,150	2,150	2,000	2,000	1,950	1,900	1,800	1,700	1,650	1,450
SOUTHWESTERN	68,900	65,500	62,900	60,250	57,950	56,050	53,650	51,100	48,800	46,500	35,650
BEAVER	5,050	5,150	5,000	4,650	4,600	4,400	4,350	4,200	4,150	4,000	3,850
GARFIELD	4,050	3,950	3,950	3,750	3,700	3,700	3,450	3,350	3,350	3,250	3,150
IRON	19,400	19,300	18,900	18,300	17,900	17,500	17,050	16,650	16,000	15,500	12,300
KANE	4,700	4,500	4,350	4,150	4,050	4,050	3,800	3,850	3,750	3,500	2,450
WASHINGTON	35,700	32,600	30,700	29,400	27,700	26,400	25,000	23,050	21,550	20,250	13,900
UINTAH BASIN	39,400	40,050	40,450	38,850	35,850	34,150	32,400	31,350	30,550	29,400	20,850
DAGGETT	700	750	750	850	850	750	750	750	700	750	650
DUCHESNE	14,700	14,800	14,400	13,700	13,100	12,700	11,850	11,600	11,400	11,150	7,400
UINTAH	24,000	24,500	25,300	24,300	21,900	20,700	19,800	19,000	18,450	17,500	12,800
SOUTHEASTERN	54,750	56,550	58,550	58,400	56,300	54,650	52,450	50,950	48,850	46,350	37,200
CARBON	23,400	23,700	24,500	24,700	23,100	22,400	21,350	20,750	20,150	19,450	15,750
EMERY	11,800	12,400	13,100	13,000	12,100	11,600	11,000	10,300	9,700	8,850	5,150
GRAND	7,050	7,650	7,950	8,100	8,400	8,250	7,950	8,100	7,650	7,300	6,600
SAN JUAN	12,500	12,800	13,000	12,600	12,700	12,400	12,150	11,800	11,350	10,750	9,700

p = preliminary
* = revised

SOURCE: Utah State Office of Planning and Budget, Utah Population Estimates Committee.

POPULATION PROJECTIONS BY COUNTY AND PLANNING DISTRICT SELECTED YEARS 1980 TO 2010

PLANNING DISTRICT/ COUNTY	1980r	1985p	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	ANNUAL PERCENT CHANCE
STATE TOTAL	1,474,000	1,649,000	1,862,200	2,024,850	2,137,750	2,322,950	2,561,350	1.86
BEAR RIVER	93,350	105,400	119,750	129,450	136,550	146,150	159,300	1.80
BOX ELDER	33,500	36,600	41,100	43,900	45,800	48,500	52,400	1.50
CACHE	57,700	66,700	76,200	83,000	88,100	94,900	104,000	1.98
RICH	2,150	2,100	2,450	2,550	2,650	2,750	2,900	1.00
WASATCH FRONT	949,150	1,050,750	1,191,900	1,312,900	1,400,350	1,534,050	1,701,200	1.96
DAVIS	148,000	171,000	206,000	246,000	278,000	304,000	333,000	2.74
MORGAN	4,950	5,450	6,000	6,600	7,150	8,250	9,700	2.27
SALT LAKE	625,000	690,000	782,000	849,000	893,000	978,000	1,090,000	1.87
TOOELE	26,200	28,300	30,900	33,300	35,200	38,800	43,500	1.70
WEBER	145,000	156,000	167,000	178,000	187,000	205,000	225,000	1.48
MOUNTAINLAND	239,050	272,600	306,600	323,000	325,500	342,500	378,200	1.54
SUMMIT	10,400	12,400	14,200	15,200	15,400	16,600	18,800	1.99
UTAH	220,000	251,000	282,000	296,800	299,000	314,000	346,000	1.52
WASATCH	8,650	9,200	10,400	11,000	11,100	11,900	13,400	1.47
CENTRAL	47,600	57,200	60,850	64,750	70,150	75,700	80,100	1.75
JUAB	5,550	6,250	5,650	5,800	6,050	6,300	6,500	0.53
MILLARD	9,050	14,200	11,800	12,600	13,700	14,800	15,700	1.85
PIUTE	1,350	1,550	1,700	1,750	1,850	2,000	2,100	1.48
SANPETE	14,800	16,900	19,400	20,400	21,700	23,000	24,000	1.62
SEVIER	14,900	16,200	19,800	21,600	24,000	26,500	28,500	2.19
WAYNE	1,950	2,100	2,500	2,600	2,850	3,100	3,300	1.77
SOUTHWESTERN	56,050	68,900	77,100	83,700	90,500	100,350	107,500	2.19
BEAVER	4,400	5,050	5,450	5,500	5,600	5,800	6,200	1.15
CARFIELD	3,700	4,050	4,250	4,300	4,350	4,550	4,850	0.91
IRON	17,500	19,400	21,400	23,200	25,000	28,600	29,900	1.80
KANE	4,050	4,700	5,100	5,500	5,850	6,400	6,800	1.74
WASHINGTON	26,400	35,700	40,900	45,200	49,700	55,000	59,750	2.76
UINTAH BASIN	34,150	39,400	45,400	46,900	48,200	51,750	56,050	1.67
DAGGETT	750	700	800	800	800	850	850	0.42
DUCHESNE	12,700	14,700	16,100	16,500	16,800	17,700	18,900	1.33
UINTAH	20,700	24,000	28,500	29,600	30,600	33,200	36,300	1.89
SOUTHEASTERN	54,650	54,750	60,600	64,150	66,500	72,450	79,000	1.24
CARBON	22,400	23,400	26,300	28,000	29,200	32,400	36,200	1.61
EMERY	11,600	11,800	13,300	13,800	14,200	15,200	16,300	1.14
GRAND	8,250	7,050	7,600	8,550	8,900	9,650	10,400	0.77
SAN JUAN	12,400	12,500	13,400	13,800	14,200	15,200	16,100	0.87

r = Revised estimate.

p = Preliminary estimate.

SOURCE: State of Utah, Office of Planning and Budget, May 1986.

CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE AND COMPONENTS
1950-1985

YEAR	LABOR FORCE	TOTAL EMPLOYED	TOTAL UNEMPLOYED	UNEMPLOYMENT RATE
1950	256,300	242,300	14,000	5.5
1951	267,500	258,700	8,800	3.3
1952	272,700	264,100	8,600	3.2
1953	274,000	265,000	9,000	3.3
1954	271,800	257,800	14,000	5.2
1955	283,800	272,300	11,500	4.1
1956	291,400	281,400	10,000	3.4
1957	296,900	286,000	10,900	3.7
1958	303,300	287,100	16,200	5.3
1959	315,900	301,500	14,400	4.6
1960	324,300	308,800	15,500	4.8
1961	335,400	317,500	17,900	5.3
1962	348,100	331,200	16,900	4.9
1963	355,600	336,500	19,100	5.4
1964	358,400	339,400	21,600	6.0
1965	361,400	339,400	22,000	6.1
1966	372,700	354,600	18,100	4.9
1967	385,300	365,400	19,900	5.2
1968	393,100	371,800	21,300	5.4
1969	403,300	382,400	20,900	5.2
1970	414,200	389,000	25,200	6.1
1971	431,000	402,500	28,500	6.6
1972	453,700	425,300	28,400	6.3
1973	477,100	449,500	27,600	5.8
1974	477,641	454,579	23,062	4.8
1975	497,828	465,507	32,320	6.5
1976	528,000	498,500	30,000	5.7
1977	548,000	519,000	29,000	5.3
1978	561,000	542,000	22,000	3.8
1979	605,000	579,000	26,000	4.3
1980	634,000	594,000	40,000	6.3
1981	647,000	604,000	43,000	6.7
1982	674,000	622,000	53,000	7.8
1983	692,000	628,000	64,000	9.2
1984	702,000	656,000	46,000	6.5
1985	730,000	687,000	43,000	5.9

Note: These figures are by place of residence.

SOURCES: 1950-1975 Utah Department of Employment Security, Annual Report, Vol. III, selected years, (Salt Lake City, Utah).
1976-1985 U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, unpublished printout, February 1986.